

Evening Telegraph

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED) AT THE EVENING TELEGRAPH BUILDING, NO. 106 S. THIRD STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

The Price is three cents per copy (double sheet); or eighteen cents per week, payable to the carrier by whom served. The subscription price by mail is Nine Dollars per annum, or One Dollar and Fifty Cents for two months, invariably in advance for the time ordered.

THURSDAY, JUNE 10, 1869.

THE ROW OFFICES.

The Republican City Conventions yesterday nominated candidates for the lucrative Row offices which are to be filled at the coming general election. Some of the proceedings connected with these nominations afforded a powerful new illustration of the necessity of such a change of the law as will compensate all leading city officials with moderate salaries instead of enormous fees. Take the Recorder of Deeds, for instance. What good reason is there, under the sun, for giving to the incumbent of that office a larger annual remuneration than the people of the United States pay to the President? He is not required to possess any special qualifications or to discharge any difficult duties. Practically, his labors, after he has secured a nomination and election, consist in appointing a few clerks, hunting up securities, and then abstaining from any serious attention to his official duties beyond a careful supervision of his fees. Anybody can do all that is usually required of a Recorder of Deeds, and ten thousand men in Philadelphia could, for three thousand dollars per annum, transact all the business legitimately devolving upon the head of the office, quite as well as it is usually transacted by the men who receive more than thirty thousand dollars.

Under the present system, an office of this character is regarded as a rich prize by greedy politicians, and they resort to the most desperate and disreputable devices to secure it. They look forward to it as the culminating reward of years of intrigue and partisan chicanery, and in their eagerness for triumph they become ready to bribe, barter, cheat, and cajole in the most shameless manner. All the base passions and the base motives of the human heart are enlisted in the contest; and whatever may be thought of the general application of the maxim that partisan maneuvering "is the madness of the many for the benefit of the few," it certainly applies to the usual struggles for this position, and it is doubly true of the nomination made yesterday.

After some fashion John A. Houseman was declared the nominee for Recorder of Deeds. He is reported to be wealthy. Why should he be singled out as an object specially worthy of further enrichment? What superior claims has he upon the respect, confidence, generosity, or regard of the citizens of Philadelphia, that they should stuff more greenbacks into his well-lined pockets? None that we have ever heard of—none that were seriously urged as a reason for his nomination. It is commonly believed that he owes his temporary triumph mainly to his connection with and services to the Gas Ring, which has already surrounded itself with odium by the pernicious influence it has exerted upon the Republican party in this city, and by its arrogant attempts to make thousands of good Republicans the subservient servants of its favorites. It is high time that combinations of this character should be broken up, and no better opportunity than the present could be desired for giving "all whom it may concern" distinctly to understand that the influence of the Gas Ring ceases with nominating conventions, and that in a contest before the people its candidates are inevitably doomed to an overwhelming defeat. The better sense of the convention which assembled yesterday was clearly against this pernicious influence. Determined to nominate Houseman at all hazards, it was compelled to eke out its deficient strength by bribery and fraud. How many delegates were bought and paid for no man knows except those who kept the account books, but a large number were undoubtedly secured in this manner. Even the Gas Ring and bribery were not, of themselves, sufficient to overcome the repugnance of the convention. Cheating was then resorted to, and the Committee on Credentials reported that a set of Houseman men were entitled to seats who had no earthly claim to a vote upon the floor—a notable instance of the frauds of this description being furnished by the attempt to deprive Samuel C. Perkins, Esq., one of the Vice-Presidents of the convention, of his seat. Subsequently, false voting in the interest of Houseman was repeatedly attempted, and in one instance the knavery of this description was so manifest that a large body of the delegates were upon the point of leaving the room. Finally, after many disgraceful scenes of disorder, which were the fitting counterparts of the corruption, intrigue, and fraud which characterized the whole Houseman movement, he received a majority of votes cast; but the convention, conscious of the wrongs that had been perpetrated, very properly refused to make the nomination unanimous, and then adjourned amid great disorder.

Under these circumstances, we consider that every Republican is perfectly free to vote as his own judgment and conscience shall dictate, and that the true interests of the Republican party will be much better served by defeating the candidate of the Gas Ring by an overwhelming majority than by his election. To endorse him is to endorse not only an insidious and arrogant influence, but the most discreditable acts that ever disgraced partisanship, while his defeat will teach the grasping, scheming of the party that outrages on the honest, patriotic, and noble impulses of the Republicans of Philadelphia, perpetrated at nominating conventions, will be inevitably resented and avenged at the general elections. The other nominations are better than

usual. The candidate for City Treasurer, Mr. Marcer, has been a very useful member of City Councils, and deserves cordial support. William Taylor, during his former service as Coroner, made an excellent officer. We have heard of no objections to the candidate for Prothonotary of the District Court, Captain Hopkins; the candidate for Clerk of Quarter Sessions, Thomas Ashton; and the candidate for City Commissioner, Thomas M. Locke; and we know of no reason why their nominations should not be heartily endorsed by the Republican party.

THE LEGISLATIVE NOMINATIONS.

The conventions for nominating candidates for the State Legislature, held under the auspices of the Republican party, completed their work yesterday, excepting in the Third Representative district. The ticket presented by them contains the name of William W. Watt for State Senator in the Fifth district, and the following for members of the House of Representatives:—

Table with 2 columns: District and Name. Lists candidates for various districts including 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th.

As an indication of the political complexion of each of the Legislative districts, we give the result of the elections of last year in comparison with that of the previous year. The votes for Auditor-General in the different wards comprised in the First Senatorial district at the October election in 1868, and for Judge of the Supreme Court at the October election of the previous year, were as follows:

Table with 4 columns: Ward, 1867, 1868, 1867, 1868. Lists ward numbers and corresponding vote counts for 1867 and 1868.

The votes for members of the House of Representatives in each district, in the years 1867 and 1868, were as follows:—

Table with 6 columns: District, 1867, 1868, 1867, 1868, 1867, 1868. Lists district numbers and corresponding vote counts for 1867 and 1868.

From these figures it will be seen that the prospects of carrying the First Senatorial district are not very flattering, although, as the Republican vote in 1868 exceeded by about five hundred the Democratic vote in 1867, a good man on the former ticket might possibly carry away the prize from a bad man on the latter ticket. Mr. Watt, who has received the Republican nomination, fills this requirement to an unusual degree, while it is generally conceded that Mr. Samuel Josephs, the late member of the House from the Third district, is to receive the Democratic nomination; and if this should prove to be the case, the requirements for the success of the Republican nominee will certainly be fully met on the other side.

A scrutiny of the votes in the Representative districts shows that the Second, Third, Fifth, Ninth, and Thirteenth are hopelessly Democratic, and may be dismissed with a simple exhortation to the Republican voters residing in them to make the best use of their votes and diminish the Democratic majorities as far as may be possible. The Sixth, Eleventh, and Eighteenth districts are very close, and success will crown the efforts of the Republicans in each of them only in return for the utmost exertion to secure the election of good and unexceptionable men. In the Sixth and Eighteenth districts new men have been placed in nomination, and as far as our knowledge of them at present extends, we have reason to believe that they are both worthy of the support of the Republican portion of the voting population of their districts. The failure of Messrs. Klockner and Hervey, the members of the last House, to receive a renomination, was the first step towards insuring success. If either of them had been renominated, he would have received just what he deserved, an ignominious and humiliating defeat.

With regard to the ten remaining districts, the Republican majorities of the past two years would have rendered them entirely safe under certain contingencies. These requirements have been fully met in the First, Seventh, Fifteenth, and Seventeenth districts by the nomination of new men, from whom we can at least hope for a decent and creditable discharge of the legislative functions to which they will undoubtedly be called. In the Fourth district the Gas Ring succeeded in splitting the convention, and we have two candidates presented, one of them a new man, who has no disreputable associations, and the other a member of the Gas Trust, who should be indignantly repudiated by every honest Republican voter in the district. Unless Mr. Elliott's name is withdrawn, either voluntarily or through the action of the City Executive Committee, the result will probably be the loss of the district, which has been Republican for years; and if this result should be brought about, the Gas Ring will be directly and solely responsible for it. Under every contingency we trust that Mr. Brady will remain in the field, and that his friends will do their utmost to secure his election by a plurality, if not by a majority vote.

We now come to the familiar names of Messrs. STOKES, DAVIS, BUNN, ADAIRE, CLOUD, and HONG, the half-dozen misrepresentatives who sat in the last House, and now have the impudence and temerity to go before the people of their districts for re-

election. By a resort to all the disgraceful expedients in which they have become so skilful they have secured nominations, in utter defiance of the will of the people; but these pretended renominations are the veriest farces, and should have no weight whatever in deciding the issue. By their course in the last Legislature they disgraced themselves, their constituents, the body of which they were members, and the great State for whose interests they were called upon by the people to provide. Their records present no palliation whatever, except the sorry one that nearly all of their associates were quite as regardless as themselves of the true interests of the people, quite as deficient as themselves in the first principles of integrity and decency. If it be possible, let the true men of their districts organize and present the names of new and unobjectionable candidates, and do their utmost to elect them. But if this be impossible, let every Republican voter who respects himself abstain from casting a vote for any one of these men, and permit their Democratic opponents to carry the election by default. It will be much better to have half a dozen more Democrats in the next Legislature than there were in the last, if these half dozen Democrats should prove to be decent and honest men; it will be infinitely better to have the six seats filled by Democrats, if they must be filled by men who are deficient in both decency and honesty.

KICKING AGAINST THE PRICKS.

The Tory peers who announced their determination to kill the Irish Church bill have succeeded in creating a storm of indignation which threatens to overwhelm that venerable institution, the House of Lords, and even to deprive the lords themselves of their cherished hereditary privileges and place them on the same level as their fellow-citizens. The very plain manner in which the press has spoken has apparently brought some of the peers to their senses, and there are already signs of defection in their ranks, which is ominous of defeat. A new opponent, however, has arisen in the person of the Archbishop of Canterbury, who has counselled the Bishops in the House of Lords to oppose the Irish Church bill. Foolish as this advice is, it is nothing more than was to be expected. In the downfall of the Irish Church, the prelates of the Church of England see very plainly a warning of the speedy dissolution of the ties which bind their own organization to the State, and a prospect of shortly finding themselves placed upon a level with dissenting Methodists, Presbyterians, and Baptists, who have no particular regard for the claims of the Apostolic succession.

At the best the bishops sit in the House of Lords merely on sufferance, and their interference in such a grave matter of state policy as the disestablishment of the Irish Church will be submitted to with even less grace than that of the hereditary Lords. Indeed, their opposition to this measure will only have an effect on the public mind calculated to bring the hereditary peerage and the Established Church into greater popular disfavor than ever, and to prepare the stolidest of British conservatives for the speedy overthrow of those relics of barbarism which have clung like barnacles to the British Constitution—the House of Lords and the Church of England.

THE TOBACCO TAX.

SOME of the members of the Tobacco Trade Association complain that our article a few days ago was calculated to give a wrong impression as to the operations of the laws of July, 1868, and April, 1869. We therefore give an explanation which it is hoped will make the whole matter perfectly clear to our readers.

The act of April 10, 1869, was passed to afford relief to persons who had cigars, tobacco, or snuff, in possession, which had been removed from the place of manufacture, or imported, or withdrawn from bonded warehouse between July 20, 1868, and November 23, 1868, and which had been assessed and paid tax under the act of July 30, 1868, and was contained in an inventory made February 1, 1869.

On such goods as held April 10, 1869, where the owner, by the act of July 30, 1868, was obliged to affix the stamps (say on the 15th day of August, 1869, in case of fine-cut chewing and smoking tobacco and snuff; and on the 1st day of April, 1869, in the case of plug tobacco), he is entitled to the refunding of the amount of the value of the stamps so affixed on presenting evidence to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

The reason why this legislation took place was because the Commissioner could not supply tax-paid stamps prior to and not until November 23, 1868. Hence Congress supplied this measure of relief to cover the time from July 20, 1868, to November 23, 1868, when the Government was unable to furnish stamps.

It does not cover tobacco, snuff, or cigars removed from the place of manufacture or imported prior to July 20, 1868.

The act of April 10, 1869, is, therefore, not an intention of Congress to refund any tax assessed and paid under the laws in existence prior to July 20, 1868, but covers only those goods manufactured and removed or imported or removed from bonded warehouse between July 20, 1868, and November 23, 1868. We quote the section of the act of April 10, 1869, referred to:—

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That any person having in his possession any tobacco, snuff, or cigars, manufactured and sold, or removed from the place of manufacture, or from any place where tobacco, snuff, or cigars are made, since July 20, 1868, or any person having in his possession cigars imported from foreign countries since July 20, 1868, or withdrawn from a United States bonded warehouse since said date, such tobacco, snuff, and cigars, having been put up in packages as prescribed in the act to which this act is an amendment, and all the other requirements of said act relating to tobacco, snuff, and cigars having been complied with, and who, on the first day of February, 1869, filed with the assessor of the district within which he resides, or has his place of business, the tax as required by the said act, and the sections of the act of July 20, 1868, and who shall, prior to selling or offering such tobacco, snuff, or cigars for sale, affix an equal proper internal revenue stamp, shall be entitled to have refunded to him the amount of tax previously paid thereon, equal to the value of the stamps affixed before sale as aforesaid, and he is hereby authorized, on appeal to him made, to refund and pay back a sum of money equal to the value of the stamps so affixed.

Upon satisfactory evidence as to the fact that the tobacco and snuff were actually manufactured and removed from the place of manufacture, and that the cigars were so manufactured and removed, or imported or withdrawn from a United States bonded warehouse, and the several rates of tax imposed on such goods by the act of July 20, 1868, as aforesaid, assessed and paid, and that the claimant had in all respects complied with the internal revenue laws as far as they have been or may be applicable to such articles, The Commissioner of Internal Revenue is hereby authorized and empowered to prescribe such rules and regulations for carrying out the provisions of this section as in his judgment shall be deemed proper and necessary; and the Commissioner may in any case, at his discretion, allow snuff and smoking tobacco manufactured prior to the 20th day of July, 1868, in wooden packages, to be stamped and sold in the original packages; and the rate of duty on cigars imported prior to July 20, 1868, and now remaining in bond, shall be the same as on cigars imported after that date.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

U. S. OFFICE OF ARTIFICIAL LIMBS. An appropriation (\$50,000) having been made by Congress for purchasing ARTIFICIAL LIMBS FOR OFFICERS of the United States Army and Navy mutilated in the service, applications may now be made, in person or by letter, by officers entitled to the benefit of the act, and who desire the best Artificial Limbs, to Dr. R. FRANK PEARL, Surgeon Artist, No. 169 CHESTNUT STREET, Philadelphia, or Dr. R. FRANK PEARL, Surgeon Artist, No. 81 GARDNER STREET, Boston.

A FLORAL AND STRAWBERRY FESTIVAL will be held on THURSDAY and FRIDAY Afternoon and Evening, June 10 and 11, at the CENTRAL CONGREGATIONAL Chapel, corner of EIGHTH and GARDNER STREETS. Admission, 10 cents.

FRANKLIN & CO.'S CELEBRATED SHIRT MANUFACTORY, for Tourists, Festivals, and picnics. Salesrooms, No. 318 CHESTNUT STREET.

CITY TREASURER'S OFFICE. PHILADELPHIA, June 3, 1869. City Warrants registering to \$5,000 will be paid on presentation. Interest ceasing from this date. JOSEPH N. PEIRSON, City Treasurer.

IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE ILLNESS of the Musical Director of the Malachi's Church, Eleventh Street, above Master, the Sacred Concert, announced to take place on Thursday Evening, 10th inst., has been postponed until THURSDAY EVENING, 24th instant. 6 1/2c

DR. WYMAN, DENTIST, No. 257 SIXTH STREET, opposite Franklin Square, extracts teeth absolutely painless with Nitrous Oxide Gas, inserts the best teeth, and makes no charge for extracting teeth or setting eyes, when articles teeth are inserted at Dr. WYMAN'S, No. 207 SIXTH STREET, opposite Franklin Square. 6 1/2c

CITY TREASURER'S OFFICE. PHILADELPHIA, June 1, 1869. NOTICE.—THE SEMI-ANNUAL INTEREST on the Funded Debt of the City of Philadelphia, due July 1, 1869, will be paid on and after that date. JOSEPH N. PEIRSON, City Treasurer.

CITY TREASURER'S OFFICE. PHILADELPHIA, June 1, 1869. MATURED CITY LOANS.—The City Loans maturing July 1, 1869, will be paid on and after that date, at this Office by order of the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund. JOSEPH N. PEIRSON, City Treasurer.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—AT A GENERAL meeting of the DELAWARE and OHIO PEAKS CANAL COMPANY, held June 7, 1869, a dividend of THREE PER CENT. was declared on the capital stock of the Company, clear of all taxes, payable to the Stockholders on and after the 9th inst. HENRY V. LESLEY, Secretary.

VERY SUPERIOR OOLONG TEA S (Black) in 5, 10, and 15 pound Handmade Caddies, at wholesale prices. FAIRBORN & CO., No. 38 N. NINTH and 1 South Street, No. 106 MARKET STREET.

UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA. (FACULTY OF ARTS.) THE ANNUAL PUBLIC EXAMINATIONS of the Junior Sophomore and Freshman classes at the College year, will be held daily (except Sundays) from 10 o'clock A. M. to 4 P. M. from June 4 to June 22, 1869. EXAMINATIONS FOR ADMISSION to the College will be held on June 22, beginning at 10 o'clock. THE COMMENCEMENT will be held on June 23, at 10 o'clock. FRANCIS A. JACKSON, Secretary.

ELLIS' IRON BITTERS.—"HAVING used your Iron Bitters in my practice, I can testify to its superior tonic properties for invigorating the appetite and promoting digestion. I can unhesitatingly recommend it in cases of general debility and dyspepsia, and in conditions of the system requiring the use of a ferruginous agent. I agree to favor your recommendation in all my cases, respectively, CHARLES C. GAY, M. D., Professor in the Philadelphia University of Medicine and Surgery, No. 202 ARCH STREET, and by Druggists generally.

OFFICE OF THE LEHIGH COAL AND NAVIGATION COMPANY. TREASURY DEPARTMENT. PHILADELPHIA, June 2, 1869. Coupons due on the 15th instant, on the Gold Bonds of this Company, will be paid in coin at their Office on and after that date.

Holders of ten or more Coupons are requested to present them before the 15th, and receive therefor receipts payable on the 15th. SOLOMON SHEPHERD, Treasurer.

PENNSYLVANIA AND NEW YORK CANAL AND RAILROAD COMPANY'S SEVEN PER CENT. BONDS. A limited amount of these Bonds, guaranteed by the LEHIGH VALLEY RAILROAD COMPANY, is offered at NINETY PER CENT.

The Canal of the Company is 106 miles long. Their Railroad, of the same length, is fast approaching completion, and being principally owned by the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company, will open in connection therewith an immense and profitable trade Northward from the Coal Regions to Western and Southern New York and the great Lakes.

Apply at LEHIGH VALLEY RAILROAD COMPANY'S OFFICE, No. 306 WALNUT STREET, Philadelphia. CHARLES C. LONGSTRETH, Treasurer L. V. R. Co.

JUSTICE! LIBERTY! ECONOMY! FREE TRADE!

To secure even-handed JUSTICE, just come and see what splendid bargains are offered in the gorgeous stock of Spring and Summer Clothes just prepared and exhibited to the public by ROCKHILL & WILSON.

The fullest LIBERTY is to be enjoyed when the man who enjoys it is neatly dressed in a suit of New Spring Clothes, which fit him so comfortably as not to abridge the freedom of his motions. Such clothes are to be had at ROCKHILL & WILSON'S.

To practise ECONOMY, don't spend vast sums of money where extortionate people charge fancy prices for unsatisfactory clothing, but come and get the worth of every dollar you spend, at ROCKHILL & WILSON'S.

FREE TRADE of the finest sort practised every day, and all day, at the GREAT BROWN STONE HALL. There the people bring their cash, and there they get their clothes. Every man free to buy at all times. Trade tremendous just now, at the Great Brown Stone Hall OF ROCKHILL & WILSON, NOS. 603 AND 605 CHESTNUT STREET PHILADELPHIA.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

TROLLOPE'S NEW BOOK.

LEONORA CASALONI;

OR, The Marriage Secret.

BY T. ADOLPHUS TROLLOPE.

Author of "Emma: A Tale of Love and Jealousy," "Bobby the Conscript," "Marietta; or, Life in Tuscany."

Published this day, and is for sale at T. B. PETERSON & BROTHERS', No. 306 CHESTNUT STREET.

Read what R. Shelton Mackenzie, Esq., Literary Editor of Forney's Press, says of it:—

"T. Adolphus Trollope, who may be termed the Italian as his brother Anthony is the English novelist, was almost unknown in this country until T. Tuckerman, a very competent critic, and perfectly familiar with the people and scenery of Italy, drew attention to his works, in a very appreciative article in the Atlantic Monthly. The first novel taken by T. B. Peterson & Brothers, of Philadelphia, who are now publishing a complete Library Edition of his works of fiction. In this series have already appeared 'Emma,' a Florentine story of love and jealousy; 'Marietta,' which is life in Tuscany is charmingly depicted; and 'Bobby the Conscript,' which gives the best view of rural society yet produced by any foreigner. A fourth of these novels, entitled 'Leonora Casaloni,' is now ready, and those who have been delighted, as we have with 'Emma,' 'Marietta,' and 'Bobby' will be glad to have another Italian novel by the same author. The pictures of life in Italy, as drawn by Trollope, are so convincing, they are true. In the present work the description of the battles of St. John of Lateran, at Rome, of the hills on the sea-coast where Leonora lived, and of the wild passes of the Apennines through which Cosmo travelled, are so true, and so full of interest, that they are almost as if they were actually before the eyes of the reader. The character of Gobbo is quite an original one, and the poor fellow strangely excites our sympathies. The interest which is so aptly kept in mystery until the concluding pages. This is a story of striking merit, produced by the maturity of its gifted author's mind, and produced by the pen of a man who has lived in Italy, and who has seen the scenes which he describes. Mr. Trollope will be published, in due succession, in Messrs. Peterson & Brothers' series.

Complete in one large Duodecimo Volume. Price, \$1 75 in Cloth; or \$1 50 in Paper.

T. ADOLPHUS TROLLOPE'S OTHER WORKS. We have just issued new and beautiful editions of the following Novels by T. Adolphus Trollope:—

EMMA. A Tale of Love and Jealousy. MARIETTA. OR, LIFE IN TUSCANY. BOBBY THE CONSCRIPT. Price, \$1 75 each in cloth; or \$1 50 each in paper cover.

All books published are for sale by us the moment they are issued from the press. Call in person, or send for whatever books you may want, to T. B. PETERSON & BROTHERS', 144 No. 306 CHESTNUT STREET, Philadelphia, Pa.

CHAMPION SAFES!

GREAT FIRE AT CAMDEN. CAMDEN, June 7, 1869.

MESSRS. FARREL, HERRING & CO., No. 629 CHESTNUT STREET, Philadelphia.

Dear Sirs:—At the very destructive fire of Messrs. McClen & Bingham's Saw Mill, which occurred on the evening of the 6th instant in this place, the safe manufactured by you, belonging to the late firm of P. M. Bingham & Garrison, was in the building and subjected to a very severe test, as the fire raged fiercely for several hours; and so great was the heat that the brass plates were melted off, and to our great surprise, when the safe was opened, we found all the books and papers unharmed.

Yours, respectfully, SAMUEL B. GARRISON, Late of P. M. Bingham & Garrison.

HERRING'S PATENT CHAMPION SAFES, "THE MOST RELIABLE SECURITY FROM FIRE NOW KNOWN," Manufactured and sold by FARREL, HERRING & CO., NO. 629 CHESTNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

HERRING, FARREL & SHERMAN, No. 251 BROADWAY, New York.

HERRING & CO., Chicago.

HERRING, FARREL & SHERMAN, New Orleans.

More than 20,000 Herring's Safes have been and are now in use, and over SIX HUNDRED have passed through accidental fires, preserving their contents in some instances where many others failed.

Second-hand Safes of our own and other makers having been received in part pay for the IMPROVED HERRING'S PATENT CHAMPION, for sale at low prices. 4 1/2 4pt

PIANOS, ETC.

STECK & CO.'S & HAINES BROS. AND MASON PIANO FORTES, AND CABINET AND METROPOLITAN ORGANS, with the new and beautiful VOX HUMANA. Every inducement offered to purchasers. 4 1/2 4pt

4 1/2 4pt No. 923 CHESTNUT STREET. ABBRECHT, RIEKES & SCHMIDT, FIRST-CLASS PIANO FORTES. Full guarantee and moderate prices. 4 1/2 4pt

WABERDORN, No. 810 ARCH STREET. CHICKERIN PIANOS. DUTTON'S, No. 914 CHESTNUT STREET. BRADBURY'S PIANOS.—ONE AT White House. Seven First Premiums. Also Taylor & Barker Organs. WILLIAM G. FISHER, 105 ARCH STREET. 4 1/2 4pt

FOR SALE, ON EASY TERMS. A NINE-ROOM HOUSE, No. 116 1/2 CARPENTER STREET, with bath and gas, hot and cold water. Apply on the Premises. 4 1/2 4pt

FOR SALE—HANDSOME THREE-story Brick Dwelling, three-story double bay building, No. 634 SIXTH STREET, above Green; modern improvements in every part; fine garden and well built by the late Henry Durringer, deceased, of University West materials and workmanship. Immediate possession. Agents at home from 10 o'clock to 4 o'clock. 4 1/2 4pt

FOR SALE—AT MOUNT HOLLY, N. J., a fine and commodious House, with ornamental grounds. Address: T. H. EYCK, MOUNT HOLLY, N. J. 4 1/2 4pt

TO RENT. GERMAN TOWN PROPERTY TO LET.—A large, modern-built house, tenant-house, coach-house and five acres of land, handsomely laid out, well watered, and within two minutes' walk of Duane Lane Station. Apply to Dr. A. M. STONE, No. 111 ARCH STREET. 4 1/2 4pt

TO RENT FOR THE YEAR OR FOR SEASON, a fine Country Place in Germantown. There is a large mansion, is rooms, stable, etc., with 20 acres of land, well stocked with fruit and vegetables. Apply to Dr. A. M. STONE, No. 111 ARCH STREET. 4 1/2 4pt

TO RENT—AN OFFICE SUITABLE FOR A Physician or Lawyer, with or without board, 4 No. 117 GIRARD STREET. 4 1/2 4pt

DANIEL M. FOX & SON, Conveyancers and Real Estate Agents, OFFICE, NO. 540 NORTH FIFTH STREET, PHILADELPHIA. DANIEL M. FOX.

FINANCIAL.

E. W. CLARK & CO., BANKERS,

No. 35 South THIRD Street, PHILADELPHIA.

DEALERS IN Government Securities, Stock, Gold and Note Brokers.

Accounts of Banks, Firms, and Individuals received, subject to check at sight.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON BALANCES.

GENERAL AGENTS FOR PENNSYLVANIA AND SOUTHERN NEW JERSEY OF THE NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

THE NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY is a corporation chartered by special Act of Congress, approved July 26, 1868, with a CASH CAPITAL OF \$1,000,000. FULL PAID.

Liberal terms offered to Agents and Solicitors, who are invited to apply at our office.

Full particulars to be had on application at our office, located in the second story of our Banking House, where Circulars and Pamphlets, fully describing the advantages offered by the Company, may be had.

E. W. CLARK & CO., No. 35 South THIRD Street.

A RELIABLE HOME INVESTMENT.

THE FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS OF THE Wilmington and Reading Railroad, BEARING INTEREST AT SEVEN PER CENT. in Currency, Payable April and October, free of STATE and UNITED STATES TAXES.

This road runs through a thickly populated and rich agricultural and manufacturing district.

For the present, we are offering a limited amount of the above Bonds at

85 Cents and Interest.

The connection of this road with the Pennsylvania and Reading Railroads increases it a large and remunerative trade. We recommend the bonds as the cheapest first-class investment in the market.

WM. PAINTER & CO., BANKERS AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENTS,

NO. 36 S. THIRD STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

UNITED STATES COUPONS DUE JULY 1, WANTED.

COUPONS OF UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD DUE JULY 1, Taken Same as Government Coupons.

DE HAVEN & BRO., BANKERS AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENTS,

NO. 40 SOUTH THIRD STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

DREXEL & CO., American and Foreign BANKERS,

ISSUE DRAFTS AND CIRCULAR LETTERS CREDIT available on presentation in any part of Europe. Travellers can make all their financial arrangements through us, and we will collect their interest and dividends without charge. DREXEL, WINTHROP & CO., DEALERS, HARRIS & CO., New York. Paris. (S 10 4p)

FURNITURE, ETC.

T. & J. A. HENKELS HAVING REMOVED TO THEIR ELEGANT STORE, No. 1002 ARCH Street, Are now selling FIRST-CLASS FURNITURE at very Reduced Prices. 4 1/2 4pt

CHOICE FAMILY FLOUR, For the Trade or at Retail, EVERY BARREL WARRANTED. Keystone Flour Mills, Nos. 19 and 21 GIRARD Avenue, East of Front Street. OVER 100 PATTERNS OF FANCY TOILET WARE, AT JOBBERS' PRICES. TYNDALE & MITCHELL, No. 707 CHESTNUT STREET.